2008-2009 Program Requirements

CORPORATION LAW

Corporations (L03.2010)

All International LL.M. students in the Corporate Law Program who have not taken a course in Corporation law in a common law country must register for Corporations (L03.2010) for either 4 or 5 credits. International LL.M. students may choose either the 4 or 5 credit course to satisfy this Corporation Law Program requirement. International LL.M. students in the Corporation Law Program are prohibited from registering for the three-credit U.S. Corporate Law and Theory (L03.4602) since this course is intended for students in other LL.M. programs.

International LL.M. Corporate students must register for Corporations (L03.2010) by selecting from sections 006, 007, 008, 009 or 010 depending upon preference and schedule. Please note that the name of the professor, course description, date, time, and location are the same for both J.D. and LL.M. students. In order to ensure enrollment in a Corporations course, students should list all sections in the lottery in order of preference.

Therefore, students must enter the section and lottery number with one of the following:

- L03.2010.006 Corporations Allen Lottery # 20512
- L03.2010.007 Corporations Kahan Lottery # 20513
- L03.2010.008 Corporations Slain Lottery # 20514
- L03.2010.009 Corporations Miller- Lottery # 21012

Core Business Courses

All students must enroll in at least 4 credits within this group:

- Accounting for Lawyers (L03.3001)
- Corporate Finance (L03.3020)
- Mergers and Acquisitions (L03.3043)
- Securities Regulation (L03.3041)
- Survey of Securities Regulation (L03.3040)

Related Courses

All law school courses related to legal regulation of business activity, which include:

- All courses and seminars designated L03 (except for Contracts L03.2001)
- Advanced Corporate Tax Problems (L11.3055)
- Alternative Dispute Resolution (L09.3523)
- Antitrust in High-Tech Industries (L12.3526)
- Antitrust: International and Comparative Economic Development and Globalization (L12.3543)

- Antitrust and Intellectual Property Rights (L12.3519)
- Antitrust Issues in the Distribution of Goods and Services (L12.3015)
- Antitrust Law (L12.3020)
- Antitrust Law and Economics (L12.3506)
- Antitrust and Regulatory Alternatives I and II (L12.3022/23)
- Business Crime (L04.3051)
- Chinese Business Law (L05.3074)
- Conflict of Laws (L09.3010)
- Copyright Law (L12.3001)
- Corporate Tax 1 & ll (L11.3080)
- Corruption and Corruption Control (L04.3515)
- Economic Analysis of Law (L06.3020)
- Entertainment Law: Deals & Negotiations (L12.3535)
- European Competition Law and Economics (L05.3079)
- European Union: Economic Law (L05.3013)
- Evidence (L09.2010)
- Foreign Investment: Law and Policy (L05.3594)
- Income Taxation (L11.2001)
- Intellectual Property and Globalization Seminar (L12.3522.001)
- International and Regional Trade Law: The Law of the WTO (L05.3049.001)
- International Commercial Arbitration (L05.3554)
- International and Comparative Competition Policy (L12.3543)
- International Economic Transactions (L05.3017)
- International Intellectual Property Law (L12.3003)
- Law and Economics Colloquium (L06.3513)
- Law, Economics, and Politics Colloquium (L06.3531)
- The Liability of Professionals Under the Securities Law (L06.3712.001)
- Negotiation (L09.3545)
- Patent Law I (L12.3010)
- Real Estate Deals (L10.3036)
- Real Estate Financing (L10.3513)
- Real Estate Transactions (L10.3035)
- Structure and Financing of Corporate Transactions (L11.3507)
- Tax Deals (L11.3509.001)
- Taxation of Affiliated Corporations (L11.3002)
- Taxation of Business Conduits (L11.3050)
- Taxation of Merger and Acquisition (L11.3038)
- Trademarks (L12.3002)
- U.S. Legal Methodology (L05.4615)

The following courses are highly recommended for a strong background in Corporation Law for international students:

- Accounting for Lawyers (L03.3001.001/2)
- Corporate Finance (L03.3020.001)
- Corporate Tax 1 & 11 (L11.3081.001/2/3)

• Mergers & Acquisitions (L03.3043.001/2)

Stern Business Courses

All graduate-level Stern courses may count towards the 21-credit Corporation requirement. Stern School of Business preferential courses are listed online. Please note that students may not take more than 6 credits through Stern. In order to be eligible to sit for the bar exam, 20 semester hours of credit must be in professional law subjects, and the credits must include basic courses in American law. Stern cross-listed courses do qualify within the 20 credits.

Please note that Stern Business classes do not qualify within the 20 credits, with the exception of cross-listed courses indicated by the footnote "z" on the schedule of classes.

Please note that the Stern course Corporate Finance is recommended only for students with a strong background in mathematics and requires permission from the instructor in order to register.

Students must submit the <u>Request to Register for Non-Law School Graduate-Level</u> <u>Course form</u> to register for Stern courses that are not cross-listed.

No Writing Requirement

There is no writing requirement for this program, but it is recommended that you take at least one seminar that offers a writing opportunity.

Corporations (L03.2010) as a prerequisite/corequisite

For International LL.M. students registering for Corporations, please note that this course serves as a corequisite for any course requiring Corporations as a prerequisite. This information is not specifically listed in each course description. When registering for a course that has Corporations as a prerequisite, a prerequisite warning message will appear in Albert. If students have registered for L03.2010, they should disregard this warning.

INTERNATIONAL LEGAL STUDIES

IMPORTANT: Course Requirements for Students Graduating from the NYU LL.M. in Spring 2009

For full-time students graduating from the LL.M. in International Legal Studies in 2009 (that is, full-time students who complete the program in the normal way in the 2008-09 academic year), the specialized requirements for this LL.M. have been greatly simplified. To maximize flexibility for students, policies that have in the past been embodied as requirements are now framed as strong recommendations. A decision about continuing this flexible approach in future years will be made in light of student experience in 2008-09. For this reason, those students who for any reason are not planning to complete the LL.M. by spring 2009 (for example, part-time students beginning in fall 2008), should treat the recommendations below as requirements. All students are required to meet NYU Law School's overarching LL.M. requirements; the requirements and recommendations below are the further special requirements of the LL.M. in International Legal Studies.

Credit Requirement

Students must complete at least 14 credits from the list of courses under "International Legal Studies" (L05) in the course schedule. Courses designated as "related courses" (see below) also count towards the required minimum of 14 credits in this field. This is a strict requirement of the program. It cannot be modified or waived. Please note that non-tax students may not register for more than 8 credits in Taxation courses.

Basic Courses and Distribution Recommendation

Students are strongly advised to build expertise in several different areas of international, comparative, and global law. This will help equip students with the legal awareness and flexibility of thought to deal with cross-cutting issues that call for innovative approaches and pose some of the most exciting challenges in many careers. Unless students have considerable academic background in the particular area, they are advised to take at least one basic course in Public International Law, one in International Economic Law, and one in Comparative or Global Law. Students who have taken basic courses such as International Law as part of their first law degree sometimes choose not to take them in the LL.M. However, the intellectual approach and material covered are likely to be different from similarly-titled courses in other countries; so many students find it valuable to take these courses at NYU.

Exam Courses Recommendation

Students are advised to complete at least 8 credits of the LL.M. degree in courses which are graded on the basis of examinations. Many prospective employers take a particular interest in proven examination ability.

Writing Recommendation

Students are strongly advised to take at least 2 credits in a seminar, course, or Directed Research which would require a paper of substantial length. A single substantial paper (at least 20 pages) should be a minimum objective. This provides valuable experience in research and in developing one's own argument, as well as in building expertise. This objective cannot adequately be met by writing a series of shorter papers. Please note that some seminars offer the opportunity to register for an additional credit; if students choose to do so, they will be required to write a longer paper (30-35 pages) to earn that additional credit. If possible, students are urged to develop their paper for eventual publication.

Related Courses

All of the courses listed in the International Legal Studies (L05) section of the course schedule can be counted towards the 14-credit requirement. In addition, the following are related courses for the International Legal Studies degree (this preliminary list is subject to revision if course offerings change):

Fall 2008

- Antitrust: Comparative Study of EU and US Law (L12.3542)
- Climate Change Policy (L01.3578)
- Conflict of Laws (L09.3010)
- Financing Development (L03.3529)
- Gender Issues in Islamic Law (L06.3037)
- Intellectual Property & Globalization (L12.3522)
- International Environmental Law Clinic (L02.2505)
- International Tax 1 (L11.3071)
- International Tax 1-2 (L11.3070)
- Law and Development (L06.3554)
- Maimonides Mishneh Torah: Jewish Law and Legal Theory (L06.3585)
- Sociolegal Seminar (L06.3570)
- Survey of International Tax (L11.3074)

Spring 2009

- Admiralty (L03.3045)
- Comparative Trademark Law (L12.3002)
- Global Justice (L06.3722)
- International Bankruptcy (L03.3048)
- International Estate Planning (L11.3075)
- International Human Rights Clinic (L02.2520)
- International Human Rights Clinic Seminar (L02.2521)
- International Intellectual Property Law (L12.3003)
- Natural Resources Law (L01.3010)
- Race and Law: U.S. and South Africa (L06.3542)
- Regulation of the Conduct of Mergers and Acquisitions in the UK (L03.3545)

- Survey of International Tax (L11.3074)
- The Passion of the Christ: The Trial of Jesus (L06.3704)
- Tax Policy: European Union (L11.3523)
- Tax Treaties (L11.3551)
- The Law of Democracy (L01.3010)
- War, The President, and the Constitution (L01.3024)

Four-Credit Thesis Option (L05.3599)

This option offers students enrolled in the full-time LL.M. in International Legal Studies who are seriously interested in academic careers in international law, an opportunity to write a substantial high-quality thesis (24,000-32,000 words) on an international law topic. The number of places available is strictly limited, and students are selected by a committee after filing an application with a thesis statement during the fall semester. The students who are selected meet periodically during the spring semester to discuss issues in international law scholarship and the development of research agendas, and to present drafts of their work and constructive critiques of classmates' work. This course does not count towards the limit on the number of credits students may otherwise take as Directed Research. More information, including the application deadline, is available within the online course description.

Special Requirements for the J.D.-LL.M. Program

NYU Law School's Institute for International Law and Justice (IILJ) runs a unique four-year J.D.-LL.M. program in international law. Students specially admitted to this program who have completed the NYU J.D. have special requirements for the LL.M. in International Legal Studies, which will be communicated to them separately. For detailed information, please visit the IILJ website.

INTERNATIONAL TAXATION

General Course Requirements

Of the 24 credits needed to graduate, students must take 16 credits in the required courses listed below. Of the remaining 8 credits, 4 must be in tax classes other than Income Taxation. The remaining 4 credits may be satisfied by either tax or non-tax courses. Additionally, all International Tax Program students are required to take Introduction to U.S. Law, a non-tax course that is designed to introduce foreign lawyers to U.S. legal concepts. Introduction to U.S. Law is a non-credit class that is offered the week before the regular fall term begins.

Fall Semester Required Courses

- International Tax I & II (Prof. Steines' section; part one of a year-long course) 4 credits
- Corporate Tax I & II (Prof. Rust's section) 4 credits

Spring Semester Required Courses

- Taxation of International Business Transactions 3 credits *
- Tax Treaties (Prof. Rosenbloom's section) 2 credits

* The International Business Transactions course centers around a case study involving a proposed three-country transaction. Teams of three students do original research and prepare a written proposal for the most tax-efficient structuring of the transaction, with each student representing his or her home country. In addition to faculty supervision, each team is assigned an outside advisor, usually an international tax specialist in a New York or D.C. firm, who meets with the team once or twice during the seven-week period of the case study. The course reflects the increasingly international nature of international tax practice and provides students with the opportunity to work cooperatively with tax lawyers coming from different tax systems and cultures.

Students must also take one of the following two Tax Policy courses

- Tax Policy: Comparative (spring) 2 credits
- Tax Policy: European Union (spring) 2 credits

Suggested Fall Electives

- Corporate Finance 3 credits
- Corporations for International Students 2 credits
- International Economic Transactions: International Trade 3 credits
- International Law 3 credits
- Timing Issues & the Income Tax 2 credits

Suggested Spring Electives

- Advanced Corporate Tax Problems 2 credits
- Advanced Corporate Tax Problems (International) 2 credits
- Colloquium on Tax Policy and Public Finance 4 credits
- International Tax III (part two of a year-long course) 2 credits International Tax I & II (fall, 4 credits) and International Tax III (spring, 2 credits) are meant to be a year-long course for full-time students. International Tax III need only be taken in the spring if students expect to remain in the U.S. following receipt of the LL.M. degree and expect to practice U.S. tax law.
- Partnership Taxation 3 credits
- Taxation of Financial Instruments 2 credits
- Taxation of Mergers & Acquisitions 2 credits

Courses in the international law area may also be elected, up to a maximum of 5 credits.

No Writing Requirement

Although there is no independent writing requirement for the Taxation Program, students may choose to register for up to two credits in a Directed Research Project supervised by the Director of the International Tax Program. Interested students should contact Professor Rosenbloom or Professor Rust.

LEGAL THEORY

Courses

Students must successfully complete 24 credits to earn the degree. Eight credits will be awarded for participation in the compulsory Legal Theory Thesis Seminar and the completion of the thesis. Generally, students must register for at least two colloquia over the course of the year, but this requirement may be waived by the program director in appropriate cases. All students will design their course of study in close consultation with the program director. This is intended to ensure that students craft a program of study which is both relevant and valuable to the student's background, interests and professional goals.

Thesis

Students will write an original scholarly work on a particular topic in legal theory. There is no required length; the requirement is rather that the student demonstrates mastery of a particular area of legal theory through mounting an original argument. Depending on the chosen field, such theses could range from 40 to 100 pages. Supervision of individual theses will be provided by a faculty member with expertise in the relevant field. Students are required to settle on a topic, and select a supervisor, by the mid-point of the Fall semester.

Colloquia

The following is a listing of all colloquia previously offered by the Law School

- Colloquium on Constitutional Theory
- Constitutional Law Colloquium
- Constitutional Democracies Colloquium
- Colloquium on Corporate Law
- Colloquium on Law and Business
- Colloquium on Theory in Corporate Law and Finance
- Hauser Colloquium on Globalization and Its Discontents
- Hauser Globalization Colloquium: Global Governance and Legal Theory
- Colloquium on Economic Analysis of Law
- Colloquium on Law, Economics and Politics II
- Colloquium in Legal, Political and Social Philosophy and Seminar
- Colloquium on Law, Economics and Politics I
- Lawyering Theory Colloquium Crime and Punishment, Vengence and Forgiveness
- Lawyering Theory Colloquium and Clinic Multidisciplinary Methods
- Law, Education and Policy Colloquium
- Legal History Colloquium
- Colloquium on the Law, Economics and Politics of Urban Affairs
- Tax Policy and Public Finance Colloquium
- Tax Policy Colloquium and Seminar
- Colloquium on Innovation Policy

Additional Courses

Through consultation with the program director, students will be guided toward a course structure emphasizing theoretical understanding. The consultation will also ensure that the course of study is appropriately specialized or broad, depending on the student's background and interests. Students will be able to choose courses both from NYU's regular faculty and from Global Visiting Professors of Law who may be in residence.

The following are an example of some courses that are recommended for Legal Theory students, with examples of recent teachers indicated

- Law and Modern Society (Garland)
- Feminist Jurisprudence (Adler, Amy)
- Introduction to Moral and Political Philosophy (Murphy)
- Introduction to Legal Philosophy (Green; Kumm; Murphy)
- Economic Analysis of Law (Kornhauser)
- Quantitative Methods (Rubinfeld)
- Contract Theory Seminar (Davis; Murphy; Adler, Barry)
- Class and the Law (Malamud)
- Race and the Law (Higginbotham)
- Behavioral Law and Economics (Bar-Gill)
- Tax and Social Policy Seminar (Batchelder)
- Property Theory (Wyman)
- Political Environment of the Law (Cameron)
- Democratic Theory Seminar (Ferejohn; Waldron)
- Problems in Jurisprudence (Waldron)
- Rule of Law (Waldron)
- Modern Legal Philosophy (Waldron)

Courses Outside the Law School

Students are permitted to take up to six credits of courses in other graduate divisions of the University. Such courses require the approval of the program director and the vice dean.

TAXATION

Course Requirements

All full-time students must take a tax procedure course for either 1 or 2 credits (students may choose from Survey of Tax Procedure, Tax Procedure, Tax Penalties & Prosecutions, or Civil Tax Controversies & Litigation) and a course in tax policy (Tax Policy, Tax Policy Colloquium and Seminar, Tax Policy: Comparative, Tax Policy: European Union, Tax & Social Policy Seminar, Public Economics for Lawyers or The Foreign Tax Credit). Although part-time students must also take a tax procedure course for either 1 or 2 credits, they are not required to take a tax policy course. All joint J.D.-LL.M. students are required to fulfill both the tax policy and tax procedure requirements, regardless of whether they complete the LL.M. degree on a part-time or full-time basis.

If students have taken a tax procedure or tax policy course(s) in law school, either or both of these requirements may be waived.

Some Taxation courses are available online. Please note that it is the responsibility of students taking online courses to determine whether and to what extent their decision to take such courses will impact their ability to practice in their jurisdiction of choice. Additionally, foreign students should consult with the <u>OISS</u> to determine the effect of online classes on their visa status.

Aside from the tax procedure (full and part-time) and tax policy (full-time only) requirements, students are free to design their program to suit their individual needs. All students should consider taking Taxation of Property Transactions and Timing Issues and the Income Tax, as they cover basic issues and concepts that pervade tax law. Instructors in the more advanced courses assume that students have mastered this material and do not spend class time reviewing these issues and concepts.

There is no independent writing requirement for students in the LL.M. in Taxation Program. With permission, students may receive up to 2 credits for a Directed Research project supervised by one of the tax faculty. No exceptions can be made to the maximum of 2 credits for Directed Research.

Areas of Concentration in Taxation

Because NYU Law has such a wide selection of tax courses, it is possible for students to design their program of study to concentrate on areas of particular interest. These areas include General Taxation, Business Taxation, International Taxation, Estate Planning, and Tax Policy.

General Taxation

If students are seeking a general background in taxation, we recommend a broad exposure. A typical schedule might include

• Timing Issues and the Income Tax - 2 credits

- Taxation of Property Transactions 3 credits
- Estate and Gift Taxation 2 or 3 credits
- Tax Procedure 2 credits
- Corporate Tax I & II 4 credits
- Tax Policy 2 credits
- Survey of International Tax 3 or 4 credits
- Partnership Taxation 3 credits

Of course, students' exact schedules depend on their background and interests. For example, if one has a solid background in corporate taxation, they would not take Corporate Taxation I & II. Instead, they might take Advanced Corporate Tax Problems in the fall semester. Electives might include an advanced course in a particular area (e.g., Taxation of Financial Instruments). Students who have taken a course in corporate taxation at the J.D. level, but who would like additional coverage of taxable and tax-free corporate mergers and acquisitions should consider taking the 2 credit course Corporate Tax II.

Business Taxation

The core of NYU's business tax offerings consist of the following courses: Corporate Taxation I & II (4 credits), Partnership Taxation (2 or 3 credits), Taxation of Mergers & Acquisitions (2 credits), Advanced Corporate Tax Problems ("ACTP") (2 credits), Taxation of Private Equity Transactions (2 credits), Taxation of Affiliated Corporations (2 credits), Bankruptcy Taxation (2 credits), Taxation of Executive Compensation (2 credits), and Taxation of Business Conduits (2 credits). Corporate Taxation I & II (4 credits) is only offered during the day, but part-time students can gain exposure to the same material by taking both Corporate Tax I (2 credits) and Corporate Tax II (2 credits). Students also should consider taking one or more of our offerings in international taxation, Taxation of S Corporations (2 credits), and Taxation of Financial Instruments (2 credits). This area of concentration is designed for students who wish to concentrate in business tax. Depending on students' prior scholastic or practice experience, several courses in the corporate area are also recommended for those wishing to concentrate in international taxation.

Full-time students who have not already taken a course on corporate tax should take Corporate Taxation I & II in their fall semester. Students who have taken a J.D. course in corporate taxation but would like additional coverage of taxable and tax-free corporate business transactions should consider the two credit course ACTP.

Other recommended courses are Taxation of Property Transactions I & II and Timing Issues and the Income Tax. A typical program of study might include

- Timing Issues 2 credits
- Taxation of Property Transactions 3credits
- Survey of Tax Procedure 1 credit
- Corporate Tax I & II 4 credits
- Tax Policy 2 credits

- Survey of International Tax 3 or 4 credits
- Partnership Taxation 3 credits
- Taxation of M & A 2 credits
- ACTP 2 credits

If students have already taken corporate taxation in their J.D. program, we recommend that they proceed to more advanced courses.

International Taxation

The core of our offerings in international taxation consist of the following courses: International Tax I & II (4 credits), International Tax III (2 credits), Tax Treaties, ACTP International, International Business Transactions, International Tax Policy, and Comparative Tax Policy. The day-time offerings of International Tax I & II (4 credits) and International Tax III (2 credits) are meant to be a year-long course for full-time students. Students are advised to take both semesters of the course to gain a complete understanding of U.S. international taxation. We believe it is essential that students have taken a course in corporate taxation at the J.D. level or that they take Corporate Taxation I & II at NYU Law in their first semester for this course of study. If students have recently completed a corporate tax course, they should consider taking Taxation of Mergers & Acquisitions as part of their study of international tax.

Each year, an international visiting professor will offer courses in the international tax area. Descriptions of all <u>course offerings</u> are available on the NYU School of Law Web site.

A typical course of study would be

- Taxation of Property Transactions 3 credits
- Survey of Tax Procedure 1 credit
- Corporate Tax I & II 4 credits
- International Tax I & II 4 credits
- Tax Policy: Comparative 2 credits
- International Tax III 2 credits
- Tax Treaties 2 credits

Estate Planning

The core of our offerings in the estate planning area consists of the following courses: Estate & Gift Taxation (2 or 3 credits), Estate Planning (2 credits), International Estate Planning (1 credit), Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax (1 credit), Income Taxation of Trusts & Estates (2 credits), and Income Taxation of Trusts & Estates II (2 credits). It is our experience that students who have taken estate and gift taxation at the J.D. level need not repeat the class at NYU School of Law. These students should consider taking Tax Exempt Organizations (2 credits) and Tax Aspects of Charitable Giving (2 credits). To practice effectively in this area, it is important to have a good general background in taxation. Therefore, we recommend that students select from among the following courses (if you haven't taken them already): Taxation of Property Transactions, Corporate

Taxation I & II, Partnership Taxation, and Timing Issues and the Income Tax.

A typical program, for students who have previously taken estate and gift tax in law school, might be as follows

- Timing Issues and the Income Tax 2 credits
- Taxation of Property Transactions 3 credits
- Survey of Tax Procedure 1 credit
- Income Taxation of Trusts & Estates 2 credits
- Estate Planning 2 credits
- Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax 1 credit
- Partnership Taxation 2 credits
- Tax Aspects of Charitable Giving 2 credits
- Survey of International Taxation 3 credits
- Tax Policy 2 credits
- International Estate Planning 1 credit

Tax Policy

If students are interested in a career in government or in teaching, they should strive to obtain a broad exposure to both tax policy and substantive tax issues. We offer a broad variety of tax policy courses, including: Tax Policy Colloquium and Seminar (4 credits), Tax Policy: Comparative (2 credits), Tax Policy: European Union (2 credits), Tax Policy (2 credits), Tax & Social Policy Seminar (2 credits), The Foreign Tax Credit (2 credits). In addition, we recommend taking non-policy courses to round out students' tax background.

Other Areas of Concentration

In addition to the above areas of concentration, NYU School of Law offers a variety of courses in other areas of interest such as State and Local Taxation, Employee Benefits Law, Executive Compensation, and Bankruptcy Taxation.

TRADE REGULATION

Course Requirements

At least 16 of the required 24 credits must be taken in Trade Regulation (L12) or "related courses." Students are required to select one of the three areas of concentration and to take the basic courses in that area, unless they have already taken them in a J.D. program. Students can fulfill the remainder of the 16 credit requirement by taking any of the related courses listed below. Related courses most relevant to an area of concentration are listed below the heading for that concentration. Students must take at least one related course in an area outside the concentration. Please note that non-tax students may not register for more than 8 credits in Taxation courses.

Writing Requirement

Students must prepare a scholarly research paper. This requirement is usually fulfilled through a seminar or other course. The requirement may also be fulfilled by a 2-credit Directed Research project supervised by a faculty member. If the supervisor is a member of the adjunct faculty, the project must be approved by the Director. Please be sure to complete the LL.M. Writing Requirement Confirmation form.

A. Concentration in Antitrust and Competition Policy

Basic Courses:

- Antitrust and Regulatory Alternatives I (L12.3022) or Antitrust Law (L12.3020)
- Antitrust: International & Comparative Economic Development & Globalization (L12.3543) or Antitrust:

Comparative Study of EU and US Law (L12.3542).

(Please note that students concentrating in Antitrust and Competition Policy must take one of these

seminars. These seminars have limited space. Students must notify Professor First and Ms. Arzt of

their intention to follow this concentration. Failure to inform Professor First and Ms. Arzt will result in not

meeting the requirements for the Antitrust and Competition Policy concentration).

- A basic course in intellectual property:
 - o Copyright Law I (L12.3001)
 - o Patent Law I (L12.3010)
 - o Trademarks (L12.3002)

Related Courses:

- Antitrust and Regulatory Alternatives II (L12.3023)
- Antitrust in High-Tech Industries (L12.3526)
- Antitrust Issues in the Distribution of Goods and Services (L12.3015)
- Antitrust Law and Economics (L12.3506)
- European Competition Law and Economics (L05.3079)

- Quantitative Methods (L06.3027)
- Regulation, Deregulation, and Reregulation (L12.3018)
- Telecommunication (L12.3026)

B. Concentration in Intellectual Property

Basic Courses:

- Antitrust and Regulatory Alternatives I (L12.3022) or Antitrust Law (L12.3020)
- Copyright Law I (L12.3001)
- Patent Law I (L12.3010)
- Trademarks (L12.3002)

Related Courses:

- Advanced Trademark (L12.3541)
- Anonymity & Accountability on the Internet (L12.3527)
- Colloquium on Innovation Policy (L12.3534)
- Comparative Trademark (L12.3002)
- Entertainment Law or Entertainment Law: Deals & Negotiations (L12.3535)
- First Amendment Rights of Expression and Association (L01.3008)
- Intellectual Property & Globalization Seminar (L12.3522)
- International Intellectual Property Law (L12.3003)
- Media Law (L12.3028)
- Patent Litigation (L12.3516)

C. Concentration in International Trade

Basic Courses:

- International Economic Transactions (L05.3017)
- Antitrust and Regulatory Alternatives I (L12.3022) or Antitrust Law (L12.3020)
- A basic course in intellectual property:
 - o Copyright Law I (L12.3001)
 - o Patent Law I (L12.3010)
 - o Trademarks (L12.3002)

Related Courses:

- Foreign Investment: Law and Policy (L05.3594)
- International Arbitration: Investment Arbitration (L05.3575)
- International and Regional Trade Law: The Law of the WTO and Nafta (L05.3049)
- International Commercial Arbitration (L05.3554)
- International Litigation (L05.3511)
- Settling International Business Disputes with China (L05.3537)

D. Other Related Courses

- The Administrative and Regulatory State for Transfer Students and LL.M.s (L01.3021)
 - Business Crime (L04.3051)

- Economic Analysis of Law (L06.3020)
- Foundations of Economic Analysis Seminar (L06.3718)
- Mergers and Acquisitions (L03.3043)
 Survey of Securities Regulation (L03.3040)
- Hauser Global Law Faculty courses with permission of the Director of the Trade Regulation Program